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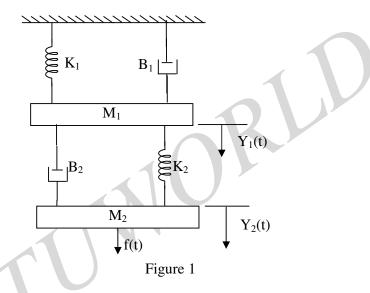
II B. Tech II Semester Regular Examinations April/May – 2013 CONTROL SYSTEMS (Com. to EEE, ECE, EIE, ECC, AE)

Time: 3 hours

Max. Marks: 75

Answer any **FIVE** Questions All Questions carry **Equal** Marks

- 1. a) What do you mean by closed-loop control system? Give examples of closed-loop control system.
 - b) For the mechanical system shown in Figure 1, determine the transfer function $Y_2(s)/F(s)$.



- 2. a) Obtain the transfer function of an armature voltage controlled DC. servo motor.b) Figure 2 shows a block diagram representation of a system. Draw the signal flow graph
 - and find the transfer function C(s)/R(s). $R(s) + G_1 + G_2 + G_3 + G_4 + C(s)$ $H_1 + H_2 + G_3 + G_4 +$

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- 3. a) Define position, velocity and acceleration error constants. Express steady-state error in terms of error constants for type-1 and type-2 systems.
 - b) A unity-feedback system is characterized by the open loop transfer function $G(s) = \frac{1}{s(1+0.5s)(1+0.2s)}$. Determine the rise time, peak time, peak overshoot, and settling time of the unit-step response of the system.
- 4. Draw the root locus of the system whose open loop transfer function is $G(s)H(s) = \frac{K}{2}$

$$F(s) = \frac{11}{s(s+3)(s^2+3s+11.25)}$$

- 5. a) Define the following: (i) resonance frequency, (ii) bandwidth, (iii) cut-off rate, (iv) phase margin and (v) gain margin
 - b) Find resonant frequency, resonant peak and band width of a unity feedback system with $G(s = \frac{36}{s(s+8)})$
- 6. Using Nyquist stability criterion determine the stability of the closed loop system $G(s)H(s) = \frac{100}{s(s+1)(s^2+2s+2)}$
- 7. A system has $G(s) = \frac{0.035}{s(1+0.5s)(1+0.04s)}$. Design a suitable lag compensator to give velocity error constant 27.3 s⁻¹ and phase margin = 45⁰.
- 8. The state equation of a linear time-invariant system is given below:

$$\begin{bmatrix} \mathbf{X}_1 \\ \mathbf{X}_2 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} -2 & 0 \\ 1 & -1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} \mathbf{X}_1 \\ \mathbf{X}_2 \end{bmatrix} + \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} \mathbf{u}$$

Determine the following:

- i) State transition matrix
- ii) Controllability and observability of the system

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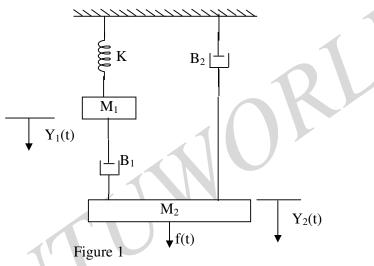
Time: 3 hours

Max. Marks: 75

Answer any **FIVE** Questions All Questions carry Equal Marks

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- a) Give examples of open-loop control system. Discuss the advantages and disadvantages of 1. open-loop control systems.
  - b) For the mechanical system shown in Figure 1, determine the transfer function  $Y_1(s)/F(s)$ .



a) Explain the principle of operation of AC servo motor. 2.

b) For the signal flow graph shown in Figure 2, obtain the overall gain C/R.

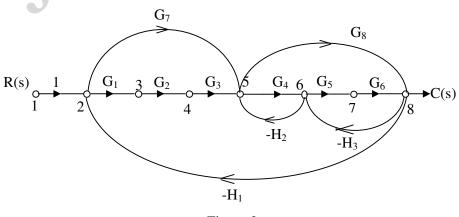


Figure 2

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3. a) Consider the closed loop transfer function given by  $\frac{C(s)}{R(s)} = \frac{\omega_n^2}{s^2 + 2\xi\omega_n s + \omega_n^2}$ . Derive the expression for c(t) when system is subjected to a unit step input.

b) The open loop transfer function G(s) of a unity feedback control system is  $\frac{K}{s(sT+1)}$ . The

system is critically damped and the steady state error is 0.5 when unit ramp input is applied. Find out the natural frequency of the system.

- 4. a) Draw the root locus of the system whose open loop transfer function  $G(s)H(s) = \frac{K(s+2)(s+3)}{s(s+4)(s+5)}.$ 
  - b) The open loop transfer function of a feedback control system is given by  $\frac{K}{s(s+4)(s^2+2s+2)}$ . Determine the range of value of K for stability.
- 5. Draw the Bode plot for the unity feedback system whose transfer function is given as  $G(s) = \frac{10(s+10)}{s(s+2)(s+5)}$ From the plot determine the values of gain margin and phase margin. State whether the system is stable or not.
- 6. For the system with  $G(s)H(s) = \frac{10K(s+0.6)}{s^2(s+2)(s+10)}$  using Nyquist stability criterion determine stability with K=10.
- 7. a) What do you mean by compensator? Discuss series and parallel compensators.
  - b) Discuss about lag compensator. Sketch the Bode plot of a lag compensator. Give the design steps of a lag compensator.
- 8. a) Obtain the transfer function of the system whose governing equations are as given below:

b) Find the controllability of the system represented by  $\begin{vmatrix} \mathbf{\dot{x}}_1 \\ \mathbf{\dot{x}}_2 \end{vmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 \\ 0 & -1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} X_1 \\ X_2 \end{bmatrix} + \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix} \mathbf{u}.$ 

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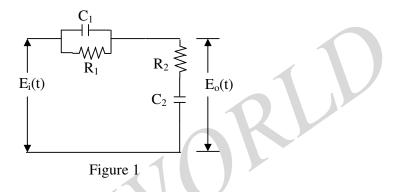
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Time: 3 hours

Max. Marks: 75

Answer any **FIVE** Questions All Questions carry **Equal** Marks

- 1. a) Show that feedback results in reduction of overall gain and reduction of system sensitivity to parameter changes.
  - b) Find the transfer function  $E_0/E_i$  of the circuit given in Figure 1.



- 2. a) Explain the working of a synchro transmitter and receiver.
  - b) Define the following: (i) signal-flow graph, (ii) source node, (iii) sink node, (iv) path gain and (v) loop gain.
- 3. a) What are integral controllers and why are they used in combination with proportional controllers?

b) For a system having  $G(s)H(s) = \frac{20}{s^2 + 7s + 25}$ , find its time response specifications.

- 4. The open loop transfer function of a system with unity feedback is  $\frac{K(s+2)}{s^2+2s+3}$ . Draw the root locus of the above system.
- 5. a) Define (i) Bode plot, (ii) phase margin, (iii) minimum phase function and (iv) all-pass function.

b) Establish the correlation between time and frequency domain specifications for a second-order system.

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6. The loop transfer function of a certain control system is given by

$$G(s)H(s) = \frac{4s+1}{s^2(s+1)(2s+1)}.$$

Using Nyquist stability criterion, determine the stability of the closed loop system whose open loop transfer function is given above.

7. The open loop transfer function of a unity feedback control system is  $G(s) = \frac{12}{s(s+2)}$ .

Design a lead compensation such that the closed-loop system satisfies the following specifications:  $K_v = 24 \text{ s}^{-1}$ , phase margin = 55<sup>0</sup> and gain margin  $\ge 13 \text{ dB}$ .

8. a) Find the transfer function when

$$\begin{bmatrix} \mathbf{\dot{x}}_{1} \\ \mathbf{\dot{x}}_{2} \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} -2 & 1 \\ 0 & -3 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} X_{1} \\ X_{2} \end{bmatrix} + \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} \mathbf{u}$$
$$\mathbf{Y} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} X_{1} \\ X_{2} \end{bmatrix}$$

b) A system is described by  $\frac{d^3y}{dt^3} + 6\frac{d^2y}{dt^2} + 11\frac{dy}{dt} + 2y = 6u$ , where y is the output and u is the input of the system. Obtain the state space representation of the system.

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Time: 3 hours

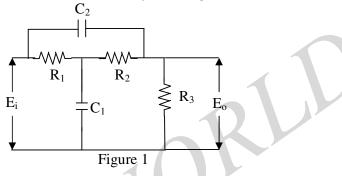
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Max. Marks: 75

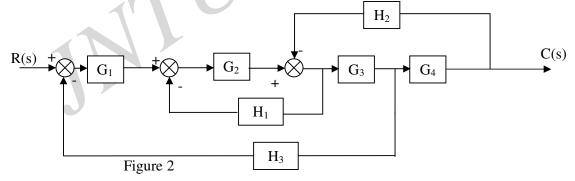
Answer any **FIVE** Questions All Questions carry **Equal** Marks

1. a) Discuss about the classification of control systems.

b) Obtain  $E_0(S)/E_i(S)$  of the below electrical system (Figure 1).



- a) An armature controlled dc motor has an armature resistance of 0.37 Ω. The moment of inertia is 2.5×10<sup>-6</sup> kg-m<sup>2</sup>. A back e.m.f of 209 V is generated per 100 rpm of the motor speed. The torque constant of the motor is 0.2 N-m/ampere. Determine the transfer function of the motor relating the motor shaft shift and the input voltage.
  - b) Find the overall gain C(S)/R(S) for the block diagram shown in Figure 2.



3. a) What are derivative controllers and why are they used in combination with proportional controllers?

b) For a system having  $G(s) = \frac{25}{s(s+10)}$  and unity negative feedback, find (i)  $\omega_n$ , (ii)  $\zeta$ , (iii)  $\omega_d$ , (iv)  $T_p$  and (v)  $M_p$ .

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- 4. The open loop transfer function of a feedback control system is given by  $G(s)H(s) = \frac{K}{s(s+3)(s^2+2s+2)}$ Draw the root locus as K varies from 0 to  $\infty$ . Also calculate the value of K for which the system becomes oscillatory.
- 5. Draw Bode plot for a control system having transfer function  $G(s)H(s) = \frac{100}{s(s+1)(s+2)}$ . Determine (i) gain margin, (ii) phase margin, (iii) gain cross-over frequency, and (iv) phase cross over frequency.
- 6. a) Find the polar plot of system whose open loop transfer function is  $G(s) = \frac{14}{s(s+1)(s+2)}$ .
  - b) The open loop transfer function of a negative feedback system is given as  $G(s)H(s) = \frac{K}{(1+T_1s)(T_2s+1)}$ . Examine the stability of the closed loop system using Nyquist stability criterion.
- 7. The open loop transfer function of a unity feedback control system is  $G(s) = \frac{4}{s(s+2)}$ . Design a compensator to meet the following specifications:  $K_v = 20$ , phase margin = 50<sup>0</sup> and gain margin of atleast 10 dB.
- 8. a) List out the properties of state transition matrix.
  - b) Obtain the time response of the following system:

| $\begin{bmatrix} \mathbf{\cdot} \\ \mathbf{X}_1 \end{bmatrix}$ | _[ | 0  | 3 ]                                     | $\begin{bmatrix} X_1 \end{bmatrix}$ |   | 0 | <u>ן</u> |
|----------------------------------------------------------------|----|----|-----------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|---|---|----------|
| $\mathbf{X}_{2}^{1}$                                           |    | -2 | $\begin{bmatrix} 3 \\ -5 \end{bmatrix}$ | $X_2$                               | Ŧ | 2 | l        |

where u(t) is input step function occurring at t = 0.